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1. How do you say “Please” in your host culture?

Qing

1. Are there any other ways to say “Please”? When are they used? List them here:

Qing gei wo means please give me, qing gei wo zhege when you want “this,” and qing gei won age when you want “that.”

1. Are there any special situations where the word or pgrase for “Please” can be used?

(hint: check for “Quick Tips”)

Please can be used when you want to buy something or bargain the price.

1. What is the expression for “Thank you.” In your host culture?

Xie xie

1. Name at least three situations where you should respond with “Thank you” in your host culture:

When someone gives you something, helps you with something, or does something friendly, you should say thank you.

1. Are there any other special expressions for special situations? What are they? For example, are there sometimes when you need to be more respectful? Does it depend upon whether you know the person or not?

Xie xie nin can be sed in formal situations.

1. How do you express a degree of thankfulness in your host culture (for example, “Thank you very much!)?

Duo xie

1. Is there a universal (appropriate for all situations) way to say “You’re welcome!” in your host country? What is it? What are some of the situations where you can use it? (hint: check “Quick Tips”)

The universal your welcome is mei shi, used when you need to say “no problem.”

1. Is there a more formal way to say “You’re welcome!” in your host country? What is it?

Bu yong xie

1. What are any other ways to say “You’re welcome!”?

You could also say bu keqi.